# EYEWITNESS IDENTIFICATION REFORM ACT



North Carolina Department of Justice Criminal Justice Standards Division

# **UPDATE MATERIAL**

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(Subject to periodic changes)



# NC EYEWITNESS IDENTIFICATION REFORM ACT

The 2007 North Carolina General Assembly passed the Eyewitness Identification Reform Act; the Legislature subsequently amended significant portions of the Act in 2015 and 2019. The Act requires that certain steps be taken to administer lineups in criminal investigations conducted in North Carolina. The materials in this document are provided to help law enforcement officers comply with this law.

The attached materials are described as follows:

## North Carolina General Statute § 15A-284.52 - Evewitness Identification Reform Act

The full text of the primary statute in the Act is included. All officers should read this statute in its entirety.

## **Evewitness Identification Instructions**

The Eyewitness Identification Reform Act requires that eyewitnesses be provided with certain instructions prior to viewing a lineup. The eyewitness must acknowledge receipt of these instructions. An Eyewitness Identification Instruction Form has been provided to assist you in complying with the requirement. A Spanish-language version of the same form is also attached.

#### Evewitness Identification Case Management Form

Completing this form for each eyewitness will help ensure you are complying with the law.

## Eyewitness Identification Instructions – Show-up

The 2015 amendments to the Eyewitness Identification Reform Act required the North Carolina Criminal Justice Education and Training Standards Commission to develop a policy with respect to standard instructions for eyewitnesses during show-ups. This form was intended to satisfy that requirement. A Spanish-language version of the same form is also attached.

## Eyewitness Identification Case Management Form for Show-ups

The 2015 amendments to the Eyewitness Identification Reform Act required the North Carolina Criminal Justice Education and Training Standards Commission to develop a policy with respect to confidence statements by eyewitnesses during show-ups. This form was intended to satisfy that requirement as well as ensure proper documentation of the show-up by the administering officer(s).

## Folder System Alternative

This is a description of how to administer a lineup using the "folder system." This system is specifically recommended by the North Carolina Criminal Justice Education and Training Standards Commission when no independent administrator is available.

## Frequently Asked Questions

This information is provided to help answer questions you might have regarding the practices associated with this law

#### **Contacts**

These individuals are provided as resource contacts available to you should you have questions about the materials provided.



## N.C. Gen. Stat. Section. 15A-284.52 Eyewitness Identification Reform

(a) **Definitions.** -- The following definitions apply in this Article:

(1) **Eyewitness.** -- A person, including a law enforcement officer, whose identification by sight of another person may be relevant in a criminal proceeding.

(2) Filler. -- A person or a photograph of a person who is not suspected of an offense and is included in a lineup.

(3) Independent administrator. -- A lineup administrator who is not participating in the investigation of the criminal offense and is unaware of which person in the lineup is the suspect.

(4) Lineup. -- A photo lineup or live lineup.

(5) Lineup administrator. -- The person who conducts a lineup.

(6) Live lineup. -- A procedure in which a group of people is displayed to an eyewitness for the purpose of determining if the eyewitness is able to identify the perpetrator of a crime.

(7) **Photo lineup.** -- A procedure in which an array of photographs is displayed to an eyewitness for the purpose of determining if the eyewitness is able to identify the perpetrator of a crime.

(8) **Show-up.** -- A procedure in which an eyewitness is presented with a single live suspect for the purpose of determining whether the eyewitness is able to identify the perpetrator of a crime.

**(b)** Eyewitness Identification Procedures. -- Lineups conducted by State, county, and other local law enforcement officers shall meet all of the following requirements:

(1) A lineup shall be conducted by an independent administrator or by an alternative method as provided by subsection (c) of this section.

(2) Individuals or photos shall be presented to witnesses sequentially, with each individual or photo presented to the witness separately, in a previously determined order, and removed after it is viewed before the next individual or photo is presented.
 (3) Before a lineup, the eyewitness shall be instructed that:

- **a.** The perpetrator might or might not be presented in the lineup,
- **b.** The lineup administrator does not know the suspect's identity,
- **c.** The eyewitness should not feel compelled to make an identification,
- **d.** It is as important to exclude innocent persons as it is to identify the perpetrator, and
- e. The investigation will continue whether or not an identification is made.

The eyewitness shall acknowledge the receipt of the instructions in writing. If the eyewitness refuses to sign, the lineup administrator shall note the refusal of the eyewitness to sign the acknowledgement and shall also sign the acknowledgement.

(4) In a photo lineup, the photograph of the suspect shall be contemporary and, to the extent practicable, shall resemble the suspect's appearance at the time of the offense.

(5) The lineup shall be composed so that the fillers generally resemble the eyewitness's description of the perpetrator, while ensuring that the suspect does not unduly stand out from the fillers. In addition:

a. All fillers selected shall resemble, as much as practicable, the

eyewitness's description of the perpetrator in significant features, including any unique or unusual features.

- **b.** At least five fillers shall be included in a photo lineup, in addition to the suspect.
- **c.** At least five fillers shall be included in a live lineup, in addition to the suspect.
- **d.** If the eyewitness has previously viewed a photo lineup or live lineup in connection with the identification of another person suspected of involvement in the offense, the fillers in the lineup in which the current suspect participates shall be different from the fillers used in any prior lineups.

(6) If there are multiple eyewitnesses, the suspect shall be placed in a different position in the lineup or photo array for each eyewitness.

(7) In a lineup, no writings or information concerning any previous arrest, indictment, or conviction of the suspect shall be visible or made known to the eyewitness.

(8) In a live lineup, any identifying actions, such as speech, gestures, or other movements, shall be performed by all lineup participants.

(9) In a live lineup, all lineup participants must be out of view of the eyewitness prior to the lineup.

(10) Only one suspect shall be included in a lineup.

(11) Nothing shall be said to the eyewitness regarding the suspect's position in the lineup or regarding anything that might influence the eyewitness's identification.

(12) The lineup administrator shall seek and document a clear statement from the eyewitness, at the time of the identification and in the eyewitness's own words, as to the eyewitness's confidence level that the person identified in a given lineup is the perpetrator. The lineup administrator shall separate all witnesses in order to discourage witnesses from conferring with one another before or during the procedure. Each witness shall be given instructions regarding the identification procedures without other witnesses present.

(13) If the eyewitness identifies a person as the perpetrator, the eyewitness shall not be provided any information concerning the person before the lineup administrator obtains the eyewitness's confidence statement about the selection. There shall not be anyone present during the live lineup or photographic identification procedures who knows the suspect's identity, except the eyewitness and counsel as required by law.

(14) Unless it is not practical, a video record of live identification procedures shall be made. If a video record is not practical, the reasons shall be documented, and an audio record shall be made. If neither a video nor audio record are practical, the reasons shall be documented, and the lineup administrator shall make a written record of the lineup.

(15) Whether video, audio, or in writing, the record shall include all of the following information:

- **a.** All identification and nonidentification results obtained during the identification procedure, signed by the eyewitness, including the eyewitness's confidence statement. If the eyewitness refuses to sign, the lineup administrator shall note the refusal of the eyewitness to sign the results and shall also sign the notation.
- **b.** The names of all persons present at the lineup.
- **c.** The date, time, and location of the lineup.
- **d.** The words used by the eyewitness in any identification, including words that describe the eyewitness's certainty of identification.
- e. Whether it was a photo lineup or live lineup and how many photos or

individuals were presented in the lineup.

- f. The sources of all photographs or persons used.
- **g.** In a photo lineup, the photographs themselves.
- **h.** In a live lineup, a photo or other visual recording of the lineup that includes all persons who participated in the lineup.

(c) Alternative Methods for Identification if Independent Administrator Is Not Used. -- In lieu of using an independent administrator, a photo lineup eyewitness identification procedure may be conducted using an alternative method specified and approved by the North Carolina Criminal Justice Education and Training Standards Commission. Any alternative method shall be carefully structured to achieve neutral administration and to prevent the administrator from knowing which photograph is being presented to the eyewitness during the identification procedure. Alternative methods may include any of the following:

(1) Automated computer programs that can automatically administer the photo lineup directly to an eyewitness and prevent the administrator from seeing which photo the witness is viewing until after the procedure is completed.

(2) A procedure in which photographs are placed in folders, randomly numbered, and shuffled and then presented to an eyewitness such that the administrator cannot see or track which photograph is being presented to the witness until after the procedure is completed.

(3) Any other procedures that achieve neutral administration.

(c1) Show-Up Procedures. -- A show-up conducted by State, county, and other local law enforcement officers shall meet all of the following requirements:

(1) A show-up may only be conducted when a suspect matching the description of the perpetrator is located in close proximity in time and place to the crime, or there is reasonable belief that the perpetrator has changed his or her appearance in close time to the crime, and only if there are circumstances that require the immediate display of a suspect to an eyewitness.

(2) A show-up shall only be performed using a live suspect and shall not be conducted with a photograph.

(3) Investigators shall photograph a suspect at the time and place of the show-up to preserve a record of the appearance of the suspect at the time of the show-up procedure.

(4) Notwithstanding <u>G.S. 7B-2103</u>, an investigator shall photograph a juvenile suspect who is 10 years of age or older at the time and place of the show-up as required by this subsection if the juvenile is reported to have committed a nondivertible offense as set forth in <u>G.S. 7B-1701</u> or common law robbery. Photographs of juveniles shall be retained or disposed of as required by <u>G.S. 7B-2108</u>, except that the law enforcement agency is required to make written certification to the court of the destruction of records under <u>G.S. 7B-2108(6)</u> only if a petition was filed. Photographs taken pursuant to this subdivision are not public records under Chapter 132 of the General Statutes and the photographs shall be (i) kept separate from the records of adults, (ii) withheld from public inspection, and (iii) examined only by order of the court.

- **a.** The juvenile or the juvenile's attorney.
- **b.** The juvenile's parent or guardian.
- **c.** The prosecutor.
- **d.** Court counselors.

**(c2)** (See Editor's note) The North Carolina Criminal Justice Education and Training Standards Commission shall develop a policy regarding standard procedures for the conduct of show-ups in accordance with this section. The policy shall apply to all law

enforcement agencies and shall address all of the following, in addition to the provisions of this section:

(1) Standard instructions for eyewitnesses.

(2) Confidence statements by the eyewitness, including information related to the eyewitness' vision, the circumstances of the events witnessed, and communications with other eyewitnesses, if any.

(3) Training of law enforcement officers specific to conducting show-ups.

(4) Any other matters deemed appropriate by the Commission.

(d) **Remedies.** -- All of the following shall be available as consequences of compliance or noncompliance with the requirements of this section:

(1) Failure to comply with any of the requirements of this section shall be considered by the court in adjudicating motions to suppress eyewitness identification.

(2) Failure to comply with any of the requirements of this section shall be admissible in support of claims of eyewitness misidentification, as long as such evidence is otherwise admissible.

(3) When evidence of compliance or noncompliance with the requirements of this section has been presented at trial, the jury shall be instructed that it may consider credible evidence of compliance or noncompliance to determine the reliability of eyewitness identifications.

(e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a law enforcement officer while acting in his or her official capacity to be required to participate in a show-up as an eyewitness.

# NC EYEWITNESS IDENTIFICATION REFORM ACT Eyewitness Identification Instructions

#### Instructions to be used when conducting any lineup

- 1. Review wording on the Eyewitness Identification Form.
- 2. Check one option under Section b of the form.
- 3. Read the language of the form to the witness. Include only the Section b option you have selected.
- 4. Ask the witness to sign and date the form. The Lineup Administrator shall write the word "Refused" on the Eyewitness signature line in the event the eyewitness refuses to sign.
- 5. Sign and date the form yourself.
- 6. Maintain a copy of this form in the investigative file.

I am required by the North Carolina General Statutes to instruct you prior to viewing this lineup, that:

a. The perpetrator might or might not be presented in the lineup.

b. 🗌 I

I do not know the suspect's identity.

I do not know what photograph is contained within each folder (if using alternative procedure)

- c. You, as the eyewitness, should not feel compelled to make an identification.
- d. It is as important to exclude innocent persons as it is to identify the perpetrator, and
- e. The investigation will continue whether or not an identification is made.

I acknowledge receipt of the above instructions.

Eyewitness	Signature
<b>J</b>	

Date

**Eyewitness Printed Name** 

Lineup Administrator

Date

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- 1. Review wording on the Eyewitness Identification Form.
- 2. Check one option under Section b of the form.
- 3. Read the language of the form to the witness. Include only the Section b option you have selected.
- 4. Ask the witness to sign and date the form. The Lineup Administrator shall write the word "Refused" on the Eyewitness signature line in the event the eyewitness refuses to sign.
- 5. Sign and date the form yourself.
- 6. Maintain a copy of this form in the investigative file.

# Instrucciones para el Testigo Ocular

Los Estatutos Generales de Carolina del Norte requieren que yo le notifique que antes de observar al grupo de personas en la línea, que:

a. Puede que el sospechoso esté o no presente en la línea de identificación.

No conozco la identidad del sospechoso.

No tengo conocimiento de las fotos que se encuentran en cada carpeta

(if using alternative procedure)

- c. Usted como testigo ocular no debe sentirse obligado a hacer una identificación.
- d. Es tan importante excluir a las personas inocentes como lo es identificar el sospechoso del delito, y
- e. La investigación continuará se haga o no una identificación

## Afirmo haber recibido las instrucciones anteriores:

Firma del Testigo Ocular

Fecha

Nombre impreso

b.

Lineup Administrator

Date

# NC EYEWITNESS IDENTIFICATION REFORM ACT Eyewitness Identification Case Management Form

Person Identified: No I.D. made Note: if an identification is made, the eyewitness shall not be provided any information concerning the person identified (including their name) before the lineup administrator first obtains the eyewitness's confidence statement about the selection.					
<u>Circle one below</u> fillers have been used to create this [ <i>photo</i> ] , [ <i>live</i> ] lineup. ( <i>At least five (5) fillers</i> shall be used.)					
These fillers resemble, as much as practicable, the eyewitness's description of the perpetrator in significant features, including any unique or unusual features.					
Sources of photos or persons used in the lineup:					
Date of Lineup: Time of Lineup:					
Location: Persons present:					
Location of other witnesses (if any) during administration of lineup: Other witnesses should not be in the area when the lineup is being conducted. All witnesses should be separated in order to discourage any conference between them before or during the identification procedure.					
Eyewitness Name:					
Has the eyewitness been advised of the "Eyewitness Identification Instructions" and acknowledged same?          Yes       Eyewitness was read instructions but refused to sign instruction form. (administrator should still sign the instruction form)					
Any words used by the eyewitness in any identification:					
Eyewitness Confidence Statement: Instructions: Ask the witness to tell you in their own words their level of confidence that the person they have identified is the perpetrator. Document the statement below.					

I have attached the actual photos used in the line	gn yourself.	
	f the lineup to this form (if live li	neup).
A video record of the live lineup shall be made. If it documented below and an audio record shall be made. the administrator shall make a written record of the l as a separate page to this form, documenting the reas	If neither audio nor video is pr neup and attach such written	ractical, n record
Lineup Administrator – Signature:		
Print Name:		

## NC EYEWITNESS IDENTIFICATION REFORM ACT Eyewitness Identification Instructions for "Show-Ups"

#### Instructions to be used when conducting any "show-up" identification:

- 1. Review wording on the Eyewitness Identification Form.
- 2. Read the language of the form to the witness.
- 3. Ask the witness to sign and date the form. The administering officer shall write the word "Refused" on the Eyewitness line in the event the eyewitness refuses to sign.
- 4. Sign and date the form yourself.
- 5. Maintain a copy of this form in the investigative file.

It is standard procedure to inform you that:

- a. The perpetrator might or might not be present during this identification procedure.
- b. You, as the eyewitness, should not feel compelled to make an identification.
- c. It is as important to exclude innocent persons as it is to identify the perpetrator, and
- d. The investigation will continue whether or not an identification is made.

I acknowledge receipt of the above instructions.

EYEWITNESS SIGNATURE

DATE

PRINT NAME

ADMINISTERING OFFICER SIGNATURE

DATE



# NC EYEWITNESS IDENTIFICATION REFORM ACT Eyewitness Identification Instructions for "Show-Ups"

Instructions to be used when conducting any "show-up" identification:

- 1. Review wording on the Eyewitness Identification Form.
- 2. Read the language of the form to the witness.
- 3. Ask the witness to sign and date the form. The administering officer shall write the word "Refused" on the Eyewitness line in the event the eyewitness refuses to sign.
- 4. Sign and date the form yourself.
- 5. Maintain a copy of this form in the investigative file.

Es procedimiento estándar informarle que:

- a. Puede que el sospechoso esté o no presente durante este procedimiento de identificación;
- b. Usted, como testigo ocular, no debe sentirse obligado a hacer una identificación;
- c. Es tan importante excluir a personas inocentes como lo es identificar al sospechoso del delito, y
- d. La investigación contiuará se haga o no una identificación.

Afirmo haber recibido las instrucciones anteriores.

Firma del Testigo Ocular

Fecha

Nombre impreso

Administering Officer Signature

Date



# NC EYEWITNESS IDENTIFICATION REFORM ACT Eyewitness Identification Case Management Form for "Show-Ups"

Suco	ect's Name				
	ect's Name: of "Show-Up":	Time of "Show-Up":			
		Persons present:			
	Location: Persons present: Location of other witnesses (if any) during administration of show-up:				
NOTE: Other witnesses (if any) during administration of show-up.					
Eyewitness Name:					
<ol> <li>Has the eyewitness been advised of the "Eyewitness Identification Instructions for 'Show-Ups'" and acknowledged same?</li> </ol>					
Yes Eyewitness was read instructions but refused to sign instruction form. (officer performing show-up should still sign the instruction form)					
2)	Any words used by the witness in an	y identification:			
3)	Eyewitness Confidence Statement:				
Instructions: Ask the witness to tell you in their own words their level of confidence that the person they have identified is the perpetrator. Document the statement below. If not voluntarily disclosed by the eyewitness in their initial confidence statement, ask the eyewitness about any issues with their vision or ability to see the perpetrator during the event they witnessed, the circumstances of the event they witnessed, and any communication they may have had with other eyewitnesses; document their answers below.					
Eyewitness Signature: NOTE: In the event of a refusal to sign, note the refusal and sign yourself.					

I have attached a photo of the subject of the show-up to this form.

\_\_\_\_\_ No photo of the subject of the show-up was taken as the subject is a juvenile either (1) under the age of 10 years at the time of the show-up, or (2) not reported to have committed common law robbery or any non-divertible offense under G.S. § 7B-1701.

Administering Officer – Print Name:

Sign Name:\_\_\_\_\_

Date:\_\_\_\_\_

NOTE: A copy of this form and attached photograph should be retained in the investigation file. If the photograph is of a juvenile subject to being photographed under G.S. 15A-284.52(c1)(4), the photograph is not a "public record" under Chapter 132 of the General Statutes, must be kept separate from the records of adults, must be withheld from public inspection and examined only by court order. However, the following may examine the photograph without a court order: the juvenile or the juvenile's attorney, the juvenile's parent or guardian, the prosecutor, or court counselors. Furthermore, the photograph of the juvenile must be destroyed if and when required by G.S. 7B-2108.



## NC EYEWITNESS IDENTIFICATION REFORM ACT Folder system alternative: when an independent administrator is not available. N.C.G.S. § 15A-284.52(c)(2)

# The Folder System: A Recommended Practice for the "Blind" Administration of Eyewitness Procedures for Law Enforcement Agencies with Limited Resources.

In recent studies of eyewitnesses and human memory it has been suggested that eyewitness evidence is much like trace evidence left at a crime scene. Like trace evidence, eyewitness memory is an imprint left in the mind of the witness. But also like trace evidence, it is susceptible to contamination if not handled properly. The result can be failure to identify the true perpetrator or erroneous identification of an innocent person.

This recommendation was written to provide information regarding legal requirements and best practices surrounding collection and preservation of eyewitness evidence when law enforcement resources are limited. In some situations, it may be difficult to have an independent administrator conduct the sequential photographic lineup. In those situations, the investigating officer may conduct the lineup, but only with safeguards to ensure that he/she is not in a position to unintentionally influence the victim/witness's selection. A simple and inexpensive alternative is the folder system, described below.

- 1. Follow the procedures described in the statute (e.g. contemporary photo, shall resemble the suspect's appearance at time of offense) for gathering one photo of the suspect and a minimum of five filler photos.
- 2. The suspect photograph and the other five filler photographs should be placed into folders. The folders should then be shuffled until the officer does not know in which folder the suspect photograph is placed; once this is accomplished, the folders should be numbered one (1) through six (6) and kept in order. This should all be done out of the presence of the eyewitness(es).
- 3. Seat the witness at a desk or table or otherwise provide a comfortable environment.
- 4. Position yourself close enough to the witness to verbally communicate with him/her but in a place where the witness will be able to open a folder and look at the photograph without your being able to see the photograph. This will make it impossible for you to unintentionally communicate information to the witness about which folder contains the suspect's photograph.
- 5. The administrator should provide all required instructions to the witness. The witness should be informed that the suspect may or may not be contained in the photographs he/she is about to see and that the administrator does not know what photograph is in each folder. Also, the witness should be informed not to show the photographs in the folders to the administrator, and, in case of an identification, to simply state the number folder that contains the photograph of the person identified.
- 6. Folders should be presented to the witness sequentially: Without looking at the photograph in the folder, the administrator is to hand each folder to the witness individually. Each time the witness has viewed the contents of the folder, the witness should return the folder to the administrator before the next folder is

supplied to the witness. The order of presentation should be preserved. This is done in case the victim/witness desires to view the lineup a second time, in the event there are multiple eyewitnesses, and to assist with the documentation in step eight (8).

- 7. Show every folder even if the witness makes an identification; hand the witness the next folder until you have gone through all the folders containing photographs. If a witness asks why he/she must view the rest of the photographs despite already making an identification; tell the witness the procedure requires the officer to show the rest of the photos. Showing all photos in the lineup ensures that the photograph lineup procedure will reveal as much information as possible. For instance, a witness may make an identification of an early photograph, but then change his/her mind after viewing a later photo. This change supplies important information about both the suspect and the witness.
- 8. The administrator should then document and record the results of the procedure. This should include all of the information required in N.C.G.S § 15A-284.52(b)(15), including but not limited to: the date, time and location of the lineup procedure; the name of the administrator; the names of all of the individuals present during the lineup; the number of photos shown; the order in which the folders were presented; the sources of all of the photos that were used; a statement of confidence in the witness's own words as to the certainty of his/her identification; and any additional information the administrator deems pertinent to the procedure.
- If there are multiple suspects and/or eyewitnesses, N.C.G.S. § 15A-284.52(b)(5) (b)(6) shall be followed as to the need for additional fillers and/or the need for a different order of presentation.



## NC EYEWITNESS IDENTIFICATION REFORM ACT Frequently Asked Questions

#### 1. Who is an "independent administrator" under the new statute?

A lineup administrator who is not participating in the investigation of the criminal offense and is unaware of which person in the lineup is the suspect.

# 2. How many fillers must be included with the suspect in a photo or live lineup?

The statutory minimum is five (5) for a total of six (6) persons in the lineup.

# 3. Can I use the suspect's current or prior booking photo as his photo in the lineup?

Be careful. No information concerning any previous arrest, indictment, or conviction of the suspect shall be visible or made known to the eyewitness. The suspect photo must also be recent and to the extent possible, shall resemble the suspect's appearance at the time of the offense.

# 4. I've read in the new statute about lineups being administered by independent administrators. Can I still administer my own lineups?

Not live lineups. Photo lineups may still be administered by the investigating law enforcement officer with careful adherence to the alternative procedure in N.C.G.S. § 15A-284.52(c)(2). The "folder system" has been recommended by the North Carolina Criminal Justice Education and Training Standards Commission to be used when an independent administrator is not available.

# 5. Can I administer the lineup without an independent administrator using a computer method?

Yes, but be careful. Many agencies use computers to help develop lineup photographs, and in some instances the lineup is actually presented to the witness on computer-- but very few agencies have used the computer to solely administer the lineup in lieu of an independent administrator. Consult your supervisors, agency legal advisor and local prosecutor's office when preparing policy for these kinds of situations.

## 6. How do I administer a lineup myself using the folder system?

Step-by-step guidelines are available in a document that accompanied these FAQs: The Folder System: A Recommended Practice for the "Blind" Administration of Eyewitness Procedures for Law Enforcement Agencies with Limited Resources.

## 7. Do I have to use the NCJA forms?

No. The forms are not a requirement. They have simply been provided to make

statutory compliance simpler for law enforcement.

# 8. Can the investigating law enforcement officer be present as a passive observer while a lineup is being conducted by an independent administrator?

No. There shall not be anyone present during live or photo lineups who knows the suspect's identity except the eyewitness and counsel as required by law.

#### 9. Can the exact lineup be shown to every eyewitness to a crime?

Yes and no. You may use the same lineup with the same fillers but the position of the suspect within the lineup must be changed for each witness.

# 10. If a crime being investigated has two or more suspects can one lineup be conducted provided that five fillers are used for every suspect included?

No. Only one suspect shall be included in a lineup.

# 11. Can the five fillers be the same for each individual suspect when conducting multiple lineups for multiple suspects?

No. If the eyewitness has previously viewed another lineup in connection with another individual suspected of involvement in the offense, the fillers in any subsequent lineup must be different.

#### 12. What if a witness requests to view a certain lineup participant or photo again?

The witness may view the lineup again but the order should be shuffled and the witness must look at all the participants again, be they live or photo.

#### 13. Does this change how we administer show-ups?

Yes. See subsection (c1) within the statute and the show-up forms and materials appearing earlier in this document.

# 14. Can I choose to use an alternative method for a photo lineup even if my agency has an independent administrator available?

Yes. For photo lineups it is always discretionary whether to choose to use an independent administrator or to choose to use a statutory compliant alternative method such as the folder system.

#### 15. Is there any training provided on the Eyewitness Identification Reform Act?

Yes. The North Carolina Justice Academy offers an online training course for law enforcement on the topic, entitled "Eyewitness Identification Reform Act." Officers may enroll in the course using the Academy's Training Portal, located at: <u>https://ncja-portal.acadisonline.com/acadisviewer/login.aspx</u>

# NC EYEWITNESS IDENTIFICATION REFORM ACT Contacts

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